Act on the Exercise, etc. of Sovereign Rights regarding Fishery, etc. in the Exclusive Economic Zone

(Act No. 76 of June 14, 1996)

(Purpose)

Article 1 This Act establishes necessary measures for the exercise, etc. of the sovereign rights regarding fishery, etc. in the exclusive economic zone for the purpose of ensuring appropriate preservation and management of living marine resources by suitably exercising the right provided for in the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea.

(Definitions)

- Article 2 (1) "Fishery" as used in this Act means the undertaking of the harvest or cultivation of aquatic plants and animals (including acts incidental to fishery, etc.).
- (2) "Fishery incidental acts" as used in this Act mean acts that are incidental to the harvest or cultivation of aquatic plants and animals such as the search for fish, collection of fish, storage or processing of fish catches, transport of fish catches or products made from them, supply to vessels and other similar acts and that are provided for in Order of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries.
- (3) "Search" as used in this Act means the investigation of the habitat status of aquatic plants and animals that contributes to, but does not involve, the harvest of aquatic plants and animals, and "survey" means a search that does not fall under the fishery incidental acts.
- (4) "Foreign nationals" as used in this Act mean the following persons:
 - (i) Persons who do not have Japanese nationality, except for those who stay in Japan lawfully and are specified by the Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries.
 - (ii) Foreign states, public organizations or equivalent ones in foreign states, or juridical persons and other organizations established on the basis of foreign laws.

(Application of Laws and Regulations regarding Fishery, etc. by Foreign Nationals in the Exclusive Economic Zone)

Article 3 (1) The Fishery, harvest of aquatic plants and animals (which excludes those falling under fishery and includes fishery incidental acts; the same applies hereinafter) and surveys engaged in by foreign nationals in Japan's exclusive economic zone (hereinafter simply referred to as the "exclusive economic zone") (hereinafter referred to in this Article as the "fishery, etc. by foreign nationals in the exclusive economic zone") are governed by the provisions of this Act.

- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1) of Article 3 of the Act on the Exclusive Economic Zone and Continental Shelf (Act No. 74 of 1996), provisions of the Fishery Act (Act No. 267 of 1949) (excluding paragraphs [1], [2], [4], and [5] of Article 74) and other Acts provided for in Cabinet Order (including those of orders based on them) do not apply to the fishery, etc. by foreign nationals in the exclusive economic zone.
- (3) With regard to the application of the provisions of Article 74 of the Fishery Act regarding fishery, etc. by foreign nationals in the exclusive economic zone, the term "The Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries Minister or each Governor" in paragraph (1) of the same Article is deemed to be replaced with "The Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries Minister," and the term "authorized fisheries supervisors or authorized fisheries supervising officers" is deemed to be replaced with "authorized fisheries supervisors."
- (4) Beyond what is provided for in the preceding paragraph, Cabinet Order may provide for necessary provisions for the technical replacement relating to the application of laws and regulations regarding fishery, etc. by foreign nationals in the exclusive economic zone.

(Prohibition of Fishery)

- Article 4 (1) Foreign nationals must not engage in the fishery or the harvest of aquatic plants and animals in the sea area of the exclusive economic zone (including the sea bed; hereinafter referred to as "prohibited sea area") listed below; provided, however, that this does not apply in the event that the harvest of aquatic plants and animals in question is a minor one provided for in Order of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries:
 - (i) The sea area which falls under the specified sea area set forth in paragraph (2) of the Supplementary Provisions of the Act on Territorial Waters and Contiguous Water Area (Act No. 30 of 1977) (which is limited to a sea stretching between Japan's baseline (which means the baseline set forth in paragraph [1] of Article 2 of the Act; the same applies hereinafter in this item) and a line all of whose points are at the distance of 12 nautical miles from their nearest point on Japan's baseline).
 - (ii) The sea area provided for by the Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries as the sea area necessary for the protection of living marine resources or the adjustment of fishery.
- (2) Foreign nationals must not transship or load fish catches or products made from them in the prohibited sea area (which is limited to the sea area under

item [i] of the preceding paragraph) except for cases provided for in Cabinet Order.

(Permission for Fishery)

- Article 5 (1) Foreign nationals must not engage in the fishery or the harvest of aquatic plants and animals in the exclusive economic zone (excluding the prohibited sea area; the same applies in paragraphs [1] and [2] of the following Article, Article 8 and Article 9) unless they obtain the permission of the Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries for each vessel engaging in the fishery or the harvest of aquatic plants and animals as provided for in the Order of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries; provided, however, that this does not apply in cases falling under any one of the following items:
 - (i) The harvest of aquatic plants and animals in question is a minor one provided for in the Order of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries under the proviso of paragraph (1) of the preceding Article.
 - (ii) The harvest of aquatic plants and animals in question is engaged in with the authorization under Article 8.
 - (iii) The fishery incidental acts in question are engaged in with the authorization under Article 9.
- (2) In the event that the Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries grants the permission set forth in the preceding paragraph, the Minister issues a permit to the foreign nationals in question as provided for in the Order of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries.
- (3) Foreign nationals who have obtained permission under paragraph (1) must display that fact in a prominent manner on their vessels that are engaging in the fishery or the harvest of aquatic plants and animals, and must keep the permit set forth in the preceding paragraph aboard such vessels, as provided for in the Order of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries.

(Standard for Permission)

Article 6 (1) In the event that an application for the permission under paragraph (1) of the preceding Article is made, the Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries must not grant permission pertaining to such application unless the fishery or the harvest of aquatic plants and animals pertaining to such application is conducted in a reliable manner on the basis of international agreement or other arrangements, does not exceed the limit for the quantity of fish catches provided for by the Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries for the respective classifications about the fishery or the harvest of aquatic plants and animals engaged in by the foreign nationals in the exclusive economic zone provided for in Order of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries, and conforms to other standards provided for in Cabinet Order.

- (2) The limit for the quantity of fish catches pursuant to the provisions set forth in the preceding paragraph must be decided, as provided for in Cabinet Order, on the basis of trends, having scientific grounds, regarding living marine resources and the actual situation of fish catches by Japan's fishery operators in the exclusive economic zone, comprehensively taking the situation of the fishery by the foreign nationals in the exclusive economic zone and Japan's fishery in the surrounding waters of foreign states or others into consideration.
- (3) The decision on the limit for the quantity of fish catches pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (1) with regard to the first category of specific living marine resources set forth in paragraph (6) of Article 2 of the Act on the Preservation and Control of the Living Marine Resources (Act No. 77 of 1996) that sets forth the maximum quantities for fish catches specified in paragraph (2) of the same Article must be made on the basis of the maximum quantities for fish catches beyond what is provided for in the preceding paragraph.

(Fishing Fee)

- Article 7 (1) Foreign nationals must pay the fishing fee in the amount provided for in Cabinet Order to the national government at the time when they receive the issuance of the certificate of permission pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (2) of Article 5.
- (2) In the event that any special circumstance exists, the fishing fee set forth in the preceding paragraph may be reduced in amount or exempted as provided for in Cabinet Order.
- (3) Beyond what is provided for in the preceding two paragraphs, matters necessary for the fishing fee are prescribed by Cabinet Order.

(Authorization for the Harvest of Aquatic Animals and Plants for Test and Research)

Article 8 In the event that foreign nationals intend to carry out the harvest of aquatic plants and animals in the exclusive economic zone for the purposes provided for in Order of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries, such as testing and research, they must obtain the authorization of the Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries for each vessel engaging in the harvest of aquatic plants and animals as provided for in Order of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries; provided, however, that this does not apply if the harvest of aquatic plants and animals in question is a minor one provided for in Order of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries under the proviso of paragraph (1) of Article 4, or if the fishery incidental acts in question are engaged in with the authorization under the following Article.

(Authorization for Fishery Incidental Acts Pertaining to Fishery by Persons

Other Than Foreign Nationals)

Article 9 In the event that foreign nationals intend to engage in fishery incidental acts in the exclusive economic zone pertaining to the fishery or the harvest of aquatic plants and animals that are engaged in by persons other than the foreign nationals in that water area, they must obtain the authorization of the Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries for each vessel engaging in the fishery incidental acts as provided for in Order of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries.

(Approval of Surveys)

Article 10 In the event that foreign nationals intend to undertake a survey in the exclusive economic zone, they must obtain the approval of the Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries for each vessel undertaking the survey as provided for in the Order of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries.

(Fees)

- Article 11 (1) Foreign nationals who apply for approval under the preceding three Articles must pay a fee, the amount of which is provided for in Cabinet Order taking the actual cost into consideration.
- (2) The provisions of paragraphs (2) and (3) of Article 5 applies mutatis mutandis to the approval under the preceding three Articles, and the provisions of paragraph (2) of Article 7 applies mutatis mutandis to the fee in the preceding paragraph.

(Restrictions and Conditions)

Article 12 Restrictions or conditions may be attached to the permission under paragraph (1) of Article 5 or the approval under Article 8 through to Article 10, or they may be changed.

(Cancellation of Permission)

- Article 13 (1) In the event that the foreign nationals who have received the permission under paragraph (1) of Article 5 or the approval under Article 9 violate laws and regulations or restrictions or conditions under the preceding Article, the Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries may order them to suspend the fishery or the harvest of aquatic plants and animals in the exclusive economic zone for a specified period, or may cancel the permission under paragraph (1) of Article 5 or the approval under Article 9.
- (2) In the event that the foreign nationals who have received the authorization under Article 8 or 10 violate laws and regulations or restrictions or conditions under the preceding Article, the Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries may rescind the authorization under Article 8 or 10.

(Mutatis Mutandis Application to Fishery, etc. Pertaining to Fixative Species on the Continental Shelf)

- Article 14 (1) The provisions of Article 3 through to the preceding Article applies mutatis mutandis to the fishery, the harvest of aquatic plants and animals and the survey pertaining to fixative species (which means living creatures belonging to the fixative species set forth in 4 of Article 77 of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea; the same applies in the following paragraph) in the area which is on the continental shelf (which means the area set forth in Article 2 of the Act on the Exclusive Economic Zone and Continental Shelf) but not in the exclusive economic zone. In this case, any necessary technical replacement is provided for in Cabinet Order.
- (2) Fixative species under paragraph (1) of Article 4, paragraph (1) of Article 5 and Article 8 through to Article 10 that are replaced and apply mutatis mutandis in the preceding paragraph are announced publicly by the Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries.

(Preservation and Control of Anadromous Resources)

Article 15 Japan has the primary interest and responsibility under 1 of Article 66 of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea even in the sea area outside the exclusive economic zone with regard to anadromous resources that lay eggs in Japan's inland water.

(On-site Inspection)

- Article 15-2 (1) Authorized fisheries supervisors may, when finding it necessary to enforce this Act, visit fishing grounds, boats, places of business, offices, and warehouses and inspect books, documents and other objects or ask questions to the persons concerned.
- (2) The authority under the preceding paragraph must not be construed as having been granted for criminal investigations.

(Exclusion from Application of Administrative Procedure Act) Article 16 The provisions in Chapters II and III of the Administrative Procedure Act (Act No. 88 of 1993) does not apply to the disposition pursuant to the provisions of this Act.

(Delegation to Cabinet Order)

Article 17 (1) If Cabinet Order or Order of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries is established, revised or abolished on the basis of the provisions of this Act, necessary transitional measures (including transitional measures on penal provisions) may be provided by that Cabinet Order or Order of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries within the scope reasonably considered necessary as a result of such establishment, revision or abolition.

(2) Unless otherwise provided for in this Act, procedures necessary to implement the provisions of Article 24 through to Article 26 and other matters necessary to enforce such provisions are provided for in order of the competent ministry, and other procedures necessary to implement this Act and other matters necessary to enforce it are provided for in Order of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries.

(Penal Provisions)

- Article 17-2 Any person who has violated the provisions of paragraph (1) of Article 4 (including the cases where it is applied mutatis mutandis pursuant to paragraph [1] of Article 14) or paragraph (1) of Article 5 (including the cases where it is applied mutatis mutandis pursuant to paragraph [1] of Article 14; the same applies in item [ii] of the following Article) is punished by a fine of not more than thirty million yen.
- Article 18 Any person who falls under any of the following items is punished by a fine of not more than ten million yen:
 - (i) Any person who has violated the provisions of paragraph (2) of Article 4 or Article 10 (including the cases where it is applied mutatis mutandis pursuant to paragraph (1) of Article 14; the same applies in Article 19).
 - (ii) Any person who has violated the restrictions or conditions (including those changed pursuant to the provisions of Article 12) attached to the permission under paragraph (1) of Article 5 pursuant to the provisions of Article 12 (including the cases where it is applied mutatis mutandis pursuant to paragraph [1] of Article 14; hereinafter the same applies in this item and Article 19).
 - (iii) Any person who has violated the order pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (1) of Article 13 (including the cases where it is applied mutatis mutandis pursuant to paragraph [1] of Article 14).
- Article 18-2 Any person who has rejected, disturbed or evaded the inspection by an authorized fisheries supervisor pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (1) of Article 15-2 or has not responded to questions by the supervisor or has made a false statement is punished by a fine of not more than three million yen.
- Article 19 Any person who has violated the restrictions or conditions (including those changed pursuant to the provisions of Article 12) attached to the approval under Article 8 (including the cases where it is applied mutatis mutandis pursuant to paragraph [1] of Article 14), Article 9 (including the

cases where it is applied mutatis mutandis pursuant to paragraph [1] of Article 14) or Article 10 pursuant to the provisions of Article 12 is punished by a fine of not more than five hundred thousand yen.

- Article 20 In the cases contemplated in Article 17-2, Article 18 or the preceding Article, fish catches or products made from them, vessels or fishing equipment or other articles used for the fishery, the harvest of aquatic plants and animals or the survey owned or possessed by offenders may be confiscated; provided, however, that in the event that it is impossible to confiscate these articles owned by the offenders, in whole or in part, the value of them may be collected.
- Article 21 Any person who has violated the provisions of paragraph (3) of Article 5 (including the cases where it is applied mutatis mutandis pursuant to paragraph [1] of Article 14) or paragraph (3) of Article 5 as applied mutatis mutandis pursuant to paragraph (2) of Article 11 (including the cases where it is applied mutatis mutandis pursuant to paragraph [1] of Article 14) is punished by a fine of not more than two hundred thousand yen.
- Article 22 In the event that a representative person of a juridical person, or agents, employees or other workers of a juridical person or an individual commit acts of violation under Article 17-2 through Article 19 or the preceding Article in connection with the business or property of such juridical person or individual, the punishment under the respective Articles in question is imposed on not only the person who commits such acts but also the juridical person or individual.

(Special Provisions for Jurisdiction of First Instance)

Article 23 The jurisdiction of the first instance of a suit pertaining to crimes as a result of the violation of the provisions of this Act also resides with a district court.

(Release by Offer of Cash Collateral)

Article 24 (1) In the event that a seizure (which means to seize vessels or to arrest the master of a vessel or other crew members; the same applies hereinafter) is executed in connection with a crime that violates the provisions of this Act or an incident falling under other crimes provided for in Cabinet Order (hereinafter referred to as "incident"), a person who is a judicial police officer and is provided for in Cabinet Order (hereinafter referred to as "lawenforcement officer") must notify the master of the vessel (including a person who takes the duty on behalf of the master of the vessel) involved in such seizure and the offender of the points listed below without delay; provided, however, that this does not apply in the event that the incident relates to the fishery, the harvest of aquatic plants and animals or the survey that are provided for in Cabinet Order and are conducted by the foreign nationals.

(i) The offender is released and the vessel and other seized articles (hereinafter referred to as "seized articles") will be returned without delay in the event that the bond or a document that certifies such bond will be provided is presented to the competent minister as provided for in Cabinet Order under paragraph (1) of the following Article.

(ii) The amount of bond to be provided.

- (2) The amount of bond under item (ii) of the preceding paragraph is to be decided by the law-enforcement officer on the basis of the standard prescribed by the competent minister, depending on the category and type of the incident or other circumstances, as provided for in Cabinet Order.
- Article 25 (1) In the event that the bond to the amount announced pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (1) of the preceding Article, or the document that certifies it will be provided, is offered to the competent minister as provided for in Cabinet Order, the competent minister is to notify the law-enforcement officer or the public prosecutor of such fact without delay.
- (2) In the event that the law-enforcement officer is notified pursuant to the provisions set forth in the preceding paragraph, that law-enforcement officer must release the offender and return the seized articles without delay.
- (3) In the event that the public prosecutor is notified pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (1), that prosecutor must take necessary measures for the release of the offender and the return of the seized articles without delay.

Article 26 (1) The bond is retained by the competent minister.

- (2) In the event that the offender fails to appear, or a part of the returned seized articles required to be submitted is not submitted, on the date and at the place required in the proceedings relating to the incident, the bond belongs to the national treasury when one month has elapsed counting from the following day of that date; provided, however, that this does not apply in the event that an application is made, no later than the date on which one month has elapsed counting from the following day of that seized articles will be submitted on a specific date earlier than the date on which three months will have elapsed counting from the following day of that date.
- (3) In the case of the proviso of the preceding paragraph and in the event that the offender fails to appear, or the seized articles are not submitted, on the specific date pertaining to the application, the bond belongs to the national treasury on the following day after that date.

(4) The bond is returned in the event that the proceedings relating to the incident are completed or any event arises that makes it no longer necessary to keep it.

(Competent Minister)

Article 27 The competent minister in the preceding three Articles and order of the competent ministry under paragraph (2) of Article 17 are provided for in Cabinet Order.

Supplementary Provisions [Extract]

(Effective Date)

Article 1 This Act comes into effect as from the day on which the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea comes into effect for Japan.

(Clarification of Subject Water Area)

- Article 1-2 For the time being, with respect to the application of the provisions of paragraph (1) of Article 3, "exclusive economic zone" and "the harvest of aquatic plants and animals (which excludes those falling under fishery and includes fishery incidental acts; the same applies hereinafter)" in that paragraph are to be replaced with "exclusive economic zone (in the event that the water area in which Japan exercises its sovereign rights regarding the fishery, the harvest of aquatic plants and animals (which excludes those falling under fishery and includes fishery incidental acts; the same applies hereinafter) and the survey is adjusted pursuant to the provisions of the treaty under Article 4 of the Act on the Exclusive Economic Zone and Continental Shelf (Act No. 74 of 1996), the water area after such adjustment;" and with "the harvest of aquatic plants and animals" respectively.
- Article 1-3 With respect to the application of the provisions of Article 3 of the Act on the Exclusive Economic Zone and Continental Shelf relating to the sovereign right set forth in paragraph (1) of Article 3 in the event of the adjustment set forth in the same paragraph as replaced and applied mutatis mutandis pursuant to the provisions of the preceding Article, the "exclusive economic zone" under item (i) of paragraph (1) of the same Article is to be replaced with the "exclusive economic zone (which means the exclusive economic zone under paragraph [1] of Article 3 of the Act on the Exercise etc. of the Sovereign Rights regarding Fishery, etc. in the Exclusive Economic Zone (Act No. 76 of June 14, 1996) as replaced and applied mutatis mutandis pursuant to the provisions of Article 1-2 of the Supplementary Provisions of the same Act; the same applies in this Article)".

(Special Provisions for Application)

Article 2 With respect to the provisions of Article 4 through to Article 13 (including cases in which those provisions are applied mutatis mutandis pursuant to the provisions of paragraph [1] of Article 14) and of paragraph (2) of Article 14, it may be provided for in Cabinet Order that these provisions are not applicable by designating the foreign national and the sea area in each relevant provision; provided, however, that in the event that the period is provided for in Cabinet Order, the exclusion of application is only valid until the expiration of that period.

(Repeal of the Act on Temporary Measures Concerning Fishery Waters) Article 3 The Act on Temporary Measures Concerning Fishery Waters (Act No. 31 of 1977) is abolished.

(Validity of Disposition or Procedure Based on Former Act)
Article 4 Permission, authorization and other dispositions or application and other procedures made on the basis of the provisions of the Act on Temporary Measures Concerning Fishery Waters prior to the repeal by this Act (hereinafter referred to as "former Act") or orders based on the former Act is to be deemed as the permission, authorization and other dispositions or application and other procedures made on the basis of the corresponding provisions of this Act or of orders based on this Act, unless otherwise specifically provided for in these Supplementary Provisions.

(Transitional Measures for Certificate of Permission or Certificate of Authorization)

Article 5 Certificates of permission or certificates of authorization that are actually issued pursuant to the provisions of the former Act at the time of the enforcement of this Act is to be deemed as certificates of permission or certificates of authorization that are issued pursuant to the corresponding provisions of this Act.

(Transitional Measures for Application of Penal Provisions) Article 6 Prior laws continue to govern the application of penal provisions to acts committed prior to the enforcement of this Act.

(Transitional Measures for Special Exceptions to Jurisdiction of First Instance) Article 7 Prior laws continue to govern the application of provisions of the former Act on the special exceptions to the jurisdiction of the first instance of a suit pertaining to crimes as a result of violation of the provisions of the former

Act.

(Transitional Measures for Release by Offer of Cash Collateral, etc.)

Article 8 Prior laws continue to govern the application of the provisions ofArticle 23 through to Article 26 of the former Act pertaining to the incident setforth in paragraph (1) of Article 23 of that Act.

(Delegation to Cabinet Order)

Article 9 Beyond what is provided for in Article 4 through to the preceding Article of the Supplementary Provisions, necessary transitional measures for the enforcement of this Act are prescribed by Cabinet Order.

Supplementary Provisions [Act No. 149 of December 18, 1998]

(Effective Date)

- Article 1 This Act comes into effect as from the date on which the Agreement between Japan and the Republic of Korea Pertaining to the Fishery comes into effect.
 - (Repeal of the Act on the Establishment of the Sea Area Pertaining to the Fishery under 1 of Article 1 of the Agreement between Japan and the Republic of Korea Pertaining to Fishery as a Result of the Enforcement of said Agreement)
- Article 2 The Act on the Establishment of the Sea Area Pertaining to Fishery under 1 of Article 1 of the Agreement between Japan and the Republic of Korea Pertaining to the Fishery as a Result of the Enforcement of said Agreement (Act No. 145 of 1965) is abolished.

(Transitional Measures for Application of Penal Provisions)

Article 3 Prior laws continue to govern the application of penal provisions to acts committed prior to the enforcement of this Act.

Supplementary Provisions [Act No. 91 of June 29, 2001 Extract] [Extract]

(Effective Date)

Article 1 This Act comes into effect as from the date specified by Cabinet Order within a period not exceeding nine months from the day of promulgation.

Supplementary Provisions [Act No. 119 of November 27, 2014]

(Effective Date)

(1) This Act comes into effect as of the date on which ten days have elapsed since the date of promulgation.

(Transitional Measures)

(2) Prior laws continue to govern the application of penal provisions to acts committed prior to the enforcement of this Act.