

# Outline of the Act Partially Amending the Act on Promotion of Use of Wood in Public Buildings

- Domestic forest resources planted after the war have entered a period of full-scale use.
- The use of wood strengthens forests' CO<sub>2</sub> absorption capacity through the forest cycle (planting → harvesting → wood utilization → replanting), contributing to the realization of a decarbonized society.
- Ten years have passed since the enactment of the Act on Promotion of Use of Wood in Public Buildings  
The possibilities for using wood have expanded by technological innovations, such as earthquake and fire resistance, and the rationalization of building standards.

**Legislative amendments are necessary to promote the use of wood in buildings in general, including private buildings.**

## 1. Revision of title and general provisions

### (1) Revision of title and purpose (Title, Article 1)

- The title was revised to "[Act on Promotion of Use of Wood in Buildings to Contribute to the Realization of a Decarbonized Society](#)"
- Add "[contributing to the realization of a decarbonized society](#)" to the purpose of this Act

### (2) Establishment of new basic principles (New Article 3)

- [Establishment of new basic principles](#) for promoting the use of wood

### (3) Efforts of forestry and wood industry business operators (Article 6, new paragraph 2)

- Stipulates that [forestry and wood industry business operators are to endeavor to provide an appropriate and stable supply of wood for construction, etc.](#)

### (4) Wood Use Promotion Day/Month (New Article 9)

- Establishment of [Wood Use Promotion Day](#) (October 8th) and [Wood Use Promotion Month](#) (October)

## 2. Expansion of measures to promote the use of wood in buildings, etc.

### (1) Expansion of the scope of basic policies, etc. (New Articles 10 through 12)

- Expanding the scope of basic policies, prefectural policies, and municipal policies [from public buildings to buildings in general](#)

### (2) Promoting, etc. the dissemination of advanced technologies related to the design and construction of wooden buildings (New Article 13)

- [Promoting, etc. the dissemination of advanced technologies](#) related to the design and construction of wooden buildings, [fostering human resources](#), and providing [safety information](#) on construction wood and wooden buildings

### (3) Agreement on Promoting the Use of Wood in Buildings (New Article 15)

- [Establishing an agreement system](#) between national or local governments and businesses [to promote the use of wood in buildings](#)
- [Necessary support for businesses that have signed agreements](#) with national or local governments

### (4) Promoting the development and dissemination of technologies for manufacturing wooden materials for construction with exceptional strength, etc. (New Article 16)

- [Promoting the development and dissemination of](#) technologies for manufacturing wooden materials for construction with exceptional strength and fire resistance, as well as [technologies for reducing manufacturing costs](#)

### (5) Commendations (New Article 31)

- National and local government [commendations](#)

## 3. Establishment of the Wood Use Promotion Headquarters (New Articles 25 through 30)

- [The Wood Use Promotion Headquarters](#) was established in the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries

(Head of the Headquarters: Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries; Members of the Headquarters: Minister of Internal Affairs and Communications, Minister of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology, Minister of Economy, Trade and Industry, Minister of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism, Minister of the Environment, etc.)

- [Formulation of basic policies and advancing the implementation of measures to promote the use of wood, etc.](#)

Effective date: October 1, 2021 (Article 1 of the Supplementary Provisions)

# 公共建築物等における木材の利用の促進に関する法律の一部を改正する法律 概要

- 戦後植林された国内の森林資源は本格的な利用期。
- 木材の利用は、森林循環（造林→伐採→木材利用→再造林）を通じて、森林のCO<sub>2</sub>吸収作用を強化し、脱炭素社会の実現に貢献。
- 公共建築物等木材利用促進法の制定から10年が経過。耐震性能や防耐火性能等の技術革新や、建築基準の合理化により、木材利用の可能性も拡大。

民間建築物を含む建築物一般で木材利用を促進する法改正が必要

## 1 題名・総則の改正

### (1) 題名・目的の改正 (題名、第1条)

- 題名を「脱炭素社会の実現に資する等のための建築物等における木材の利用の促進に関する法律」に改正
- 本法の目的に「脱炭素社会の実現に資すること」を追加

### (2) 基本理念の新設 (新第3条)

- 木材利用の促進に関する基本理念を新設

### (3) 林業・木材産業の事業者の努力 (新第6条第2項)

- 林業・木材産業の事業者は建築用木材等の適切かつ安定的な供給に努める旨を規定

### (4) 木材利用促進の日・月間 (新第9条)

- 木材利用促進の日（10月8日）、木材利用促進月間（10月）を制定

## 2 建築物における木材の利用の促進に関する施策の拡充等

### (1) 基本方針等の対象の拡大 (新第10条～第12条)

- 基本方針・都道府県方針・市町村方針の対象を公共建築物から建築物一般に拡大

### (2) 木造建築物の設計・施工に係る先進的技術の普及の促進等 (新第13条)

- 木造建築物の設計・施工に係る先進的技術の普及の促進、人材の育成、建築用木材・木造建築物の安全性に関する情報提供等

### (3) 建築物木材利用促進協定 (新第15条)

- 国・地方公共団体と事業者等による建築物における木材利用促進のための協定制度を創設

- 国・地方公共団体による協定を締結した事業者等への必要な支援

### (4) 強度等に優れた建築用木材の製造技術の開発・普及の促進等 (新第16条)

- 強度・耐火性に優れた建築用木材の製造技術及び製造コスト低廉化技術の開発・普及の促進等

### (5) 表彰 (新第31条)

- 国・地方公共団体による表彰

## 3 木材利用促進本部の設置 (新第25条～第30条)

- 木材利用促進本部を農林水産省に設置

（本部長：農林水産大臣、本部員：総務大臣・文部科学大臣・経済産業大臣・国土交通大臣・環境大臣等）

- 基本方針の策定、木材利用の促進に関する施策の実施の推進等

施行期日：令和3年10月1日（附則第1条）